

# Power supply for EV charging AC VS DC





# AC vs DC: Reminder of physical limitations of the inlets connections







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EV Charging supply in AC or DC: Trends and thresholds



Previous diagrams show clearly the limits of AC & DC supply, in addition:

- About 100K public accessible charging points in AC in EU. Large majority in 3 phases.
- So far, the first generation of fast charge have mainly considered combined AC/DC stations with multi gun standards :

## DC COMBO 50 KW, DC CHADEMO 50 KW, AC 3 PHASES 43 KVA

- According to 2014/94/Eu and corresponding national transpositions, beyond
  22 KVA in DC → mode 4 supply with Combo Type 2 at least is mandatory
- According to 2014/94/Eu and corresponding national transpositions, starting from 3.7 KVA to 22 KVA included → AC charging mode 3 Type 2 at least is mandatory



# DC



# **ULTRA FAST CHARGE** 175 KVA 350 KVA **GROUPE RENAULT**

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**CONCLUSIONS** 

PH DUPUY

### **ELECTRIC FUEL LABELLING**

Some orientations from TC301/WG 14, in charge of standard edition for Electric Fuel Labelling, in the frame of CEN-CENELEC works to answer to commission expectations (Mandate M533)

### MANDATORY PART OF THE LABEL(S)

- 1. A unique geometrical frame (different from Bio-Fuel existing ones)
- 2. No graphic expression on the interface, use of letters/ numbers only
- 3. 2 kinds of interfaces, to be precised through :
  - STATION SIDE CONNECTION → Socket outlet and plug: Positive drawing (Black graphical term and texts on white background)
  - CAR SIDE CONNECTION → Connector and véhicle inlet: Negative drawing (white graphical term and texts on black background)



Connection towards infra side

Connection towards vehicle side



RENAULT

# If confirmed within the WG,

AC or DC supply should be indicated in the optional part of the label

